

Insights from Sub-Saharan Africa

Climate Resilience in Practice

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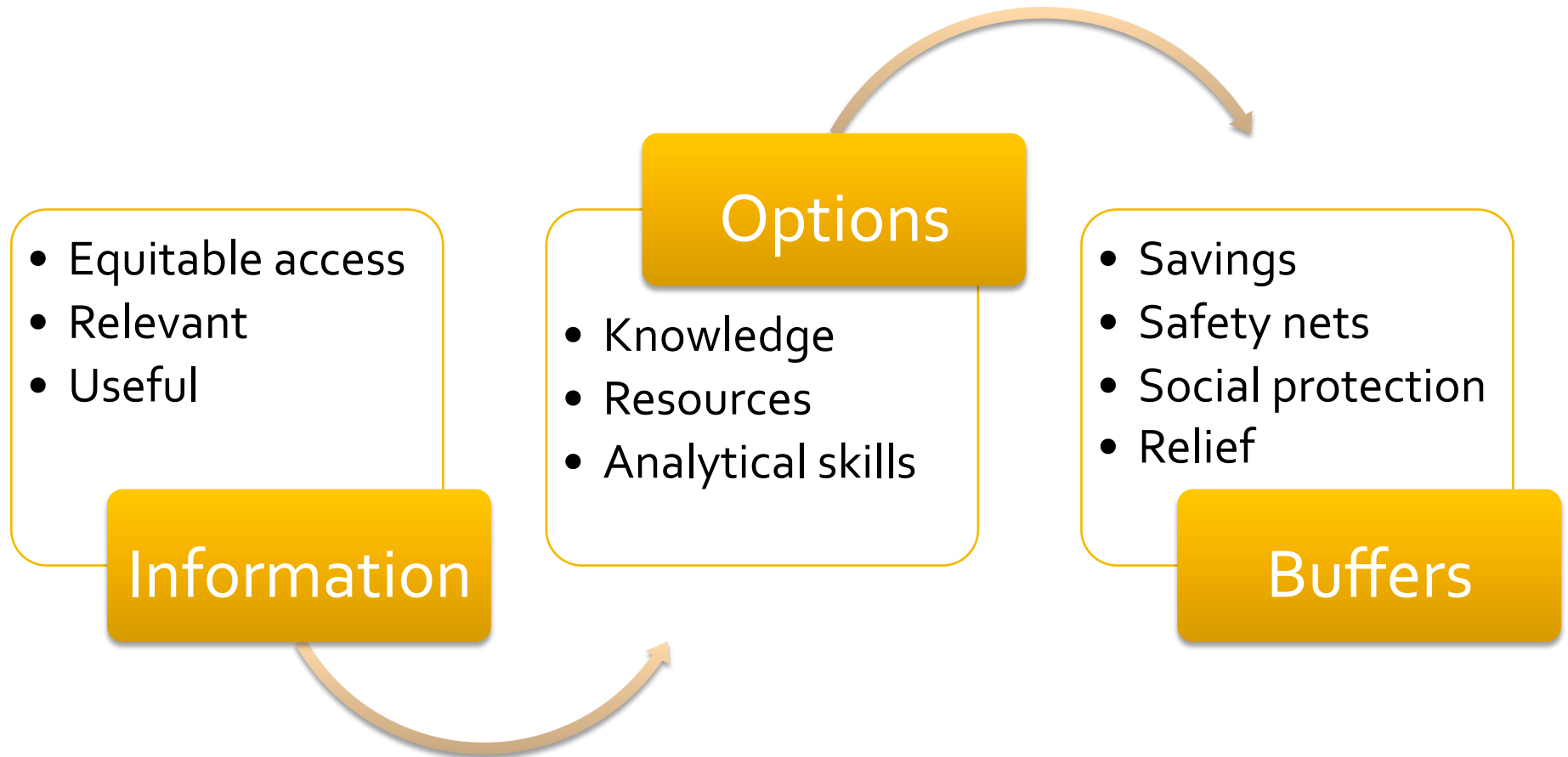
Tensions

- Is it about bouncing back from shocks or is it about managing change?
- Relationship with adaptive capacity
- Requires new ways of working for development actors
- Demands an integrated approach

Defining Climate Resilience

- DfID defines climate resilience as:
“the long-term capacity of a system or process to deal with **extreme weather events** and **changes in climate** and **continue to develop**”
- Characteristics:
 - Process, not outcome
 - Dynamic
 - Context-specific

What does it look like?



Enabling Climate Resilience

- Services
- Natural resource management
- Local governance
- Supportive policies
- Integrated humanitarian and development action
- Allocation of resources

Challenges for Development Actors

- Moving from solutions to options
- Strengthening systems and services
- Understanding motivations vs. providing incentives
- Strengthening analysis, decision-making and planning skills
- Addressing underlying causes of vulnerability